

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

Code No : AKB.99/XX-28

Series

Serial No.

2001

TEST BOOKLET

GENERAL STUDIES

B

Time allowed : 2 (two) Hours

Full Marks : 200

INSTRUCTIONS

1. The Roll Number, Name of the Centre, Subject and Series wherever necessary shall be written legibly and correctly in the space provided on the Answer Sheet.
2. No Roll Number or name or anything else except the actual Answers to the Questions, shall be written, anywhere inside the Test Booklet.
3. All items carry equal marks. Attempt *all* items. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses marked by you in the Answer Sheet provided for this purpose.
4. No candidate shall be admitted to the Examination Hall 20 minutes after commencement of distribution of the paper. The Supervisor of the Examination Hall will be the time-keeper and his decision in this regard is final.
5. No candidate shall leave the Examination Hall/Room without prior permission of the Supervisor. No candidate shall be permitted to hand over his Test Booklet/Answer Sheet and Rough Sheet and leave the Examination Hall/Room before expiry of the full time allotted for each paper.
6. No candidate shall have in his possession inside the Examination Hall any book, note book or loose paper, except his Admit Card and other connected paper permitted by the Commission.
7. Complete silence must be observed in the Examination Hall/Room. No Candidate shall copy from the paper of any other candidate, or permit his own paper to be copied, or give, or attempt to give, or obtain, or attempt to obtain irregular assistance of any kind.
8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator *only the Answer Sheet*. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet and rough sheets issued to you.
9. Violation of any of the above Rules will render the candidate liable to expulsion from the Examination Hall and disqualification from the Examination, and according to the nature and gravity of his offence, he may be debarred from future Examinations and interviews conducted by the Commission for appointment to Government Service.
10. Smoking inside the Examination Hall is strictly prohibited.

DON NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

[No. of Question-120]

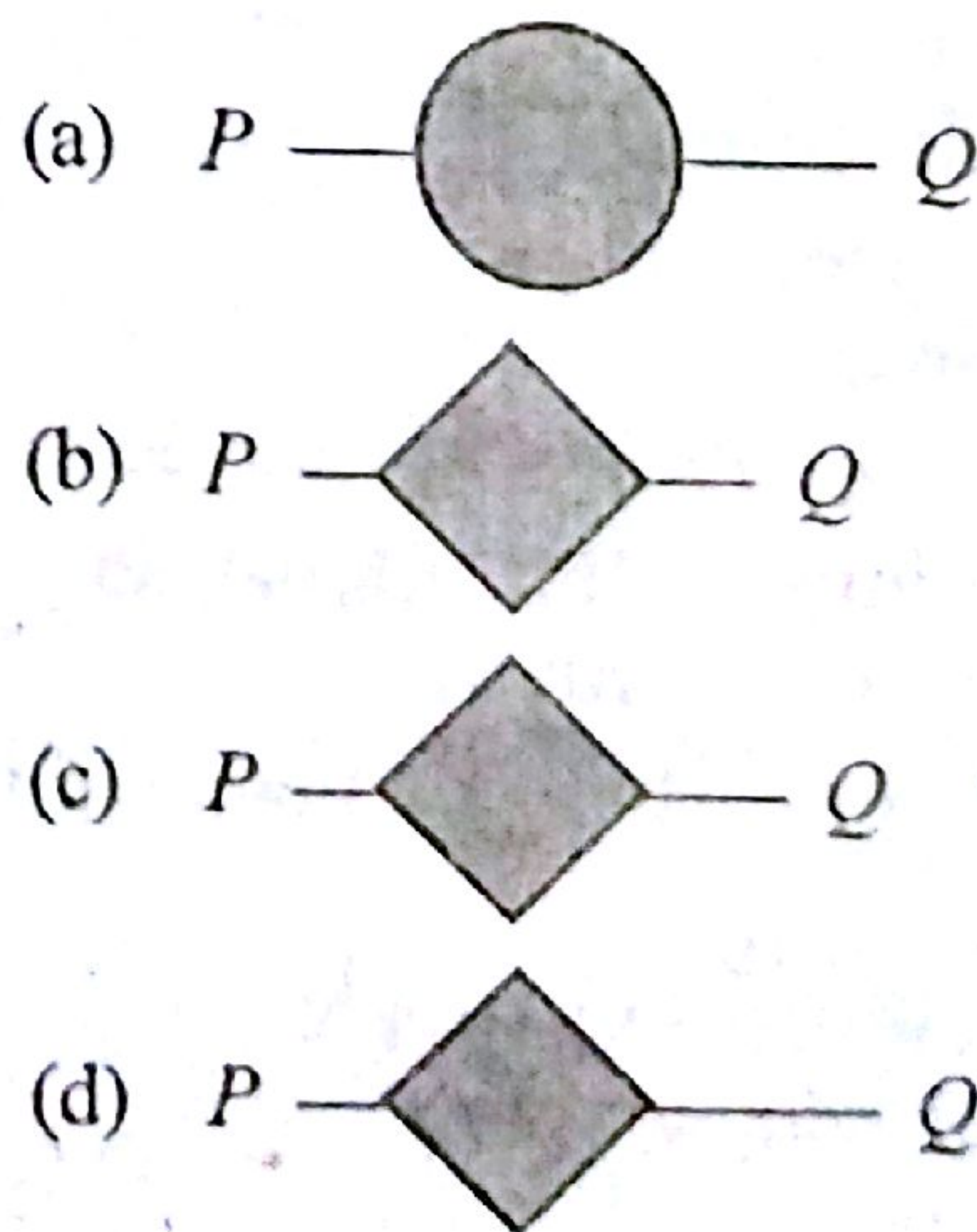
1. Functions of the Public Service Commission are dealt with in Article—
 - (a) 317 of the Constitution
 - (b) 318 of the Constitution
 - (c) 319 of the Constitution
 - (d) 320 of the Constitution
2. The first general election in Independent India was held in
 - (a) 1951
 - (b) 1952
 - (c) 1953
 - (d) 1954
3. The inaugural meeting of the Constituent Assembly of India was presided over by—
 - (a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - (b) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
 - (c) Dr. Sachidananda Sinha
 - (d) B. N. Rao
4. The first amendment to the Constitution of India was made in—
 - (a) 1951
 - (b) 1954
 - (c) 1957
 - (d) 1960
5. Who first expressed the slogan 'Inquilab Zindabad' ?
 - (a) Shaheed Bhagat Singh
 - (b) Udham Singh
 - (c) Zail Singh
 - (d) Karan Singh
6. Sarojini Naidu was the first Indian woman President of
 - (a) Indian Theosophical Society
 - (b) Simon Commission
 - (c) Cabinet Mission
 - (d) Indian National Congress
7. The 'Quit India' resolution was passed by the Congress in Bombay in
 - (a) 1942
 - (b) 1943
 - (c) 1944
 - (d) 1945
8. Who was not the Chief Minister of Assam in Independent India ?
 - (a) Gopinath Bordoloi
 - (b) Sir Muhammad Saadulla
 - (c) Biohru Ram Medhi
 - (d) Bimala Prasad Chaliha
9. Who was Sir Akbar Hydari ?
 - (a) Chief Justice of the High Court
 - (b) Speaker of Assam Legislative Assembly
 - (c) Governor of Assam
 - (d) Chairman of Assam Public Service Commission.
10. The Cabinet was for the first time accorded legal recognition in Britain in
 - (a) 1914
 - (b) 1689
 - (c) 1937
 - (d) 1884
11. Any dispute relating to the validity of the elections of the Vice-President of the Gaon Panchayat under the Assam Panchayat Act, 1994 shall be decided by—
 - (a) BDO
 - (b) Deputy Commissioner
 - (c) President of the Gaon Panchayat
 - (d) Members of the Gaon Panchayat
12. The Sixth Schedule to the Constitution of India provides for—
 - (a) Panchayati Raj Institutions
 - (b) District Councils
 - (c) Bodo Autonomous Council
 - (d) North-Eastern Council
13. Which one of the following is not included as the Fundamental Duty of the Indian citizen?
 - (a) To abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals and institutions
 - (b) To uphold and protect the sovereignty and integrity of India
 - (c) To develop romper temper
 - (d) To defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so.
14. Who among the following was not a member of the Drafting Committee of the Constitution?
 - (a) B. R. Ambedkar
 - (b) K. M. Munshi
 - (c) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (d) Mohd. Saadulla
15. In which of the following States Article 360 is not applicable ?
 - (a) Nagaland
 - (b) Jammu and Kashmir
 - (c) Manipur
 - (d) Mizoram
16. Lord Ripon is known as the father of—
 - (a) Local Self-Government in India
 - (b) All India Services
 - (c) Hill Administration in India
 - (d) State Administration in India
17. Three-tier Panchayati Raj System was recommended by—
 - (a) Sarkaria Commission
 - (b) Balawantrao Mehta Committee

- (c) Ashok Mehta Committee
(d) Administrative Reforms Commission
18. In India, Planning Commission is a—
(a) Constitutional body
(b) Extra-constitutional body
(c) Executive body
(d) Mandatory body
19. Community Development Programme is based on the philosophy of—
(a) Jawaharlal Nehru (b) B. R. Ambedkar
(c) Gopinath Bordoloi (d) Mahatma Gandhi
20. Fundamental duties of Indian Citizens are provided by
(a) 41st amendment (b) 42nd amendment
(c) 43rd amendment (d) 44th amendment
21. If the third Monday in a month is 17th, which day will occur five times in that month?
(a) Tuesday (b) Thursday
(c) Friday (d) Saturday
22. If $52 \times 45 = 30$, $73 \times 23 = 23$ and $84 \times 52 = 48$, then $62 \times 43 = ?$
(a) 20 (b) 30
(c) 24 (d) 32
23. Which of the following numbers does not possess the common property that the other three numbers do ?
(a) 8745 (b) 6428
(c) 7346 (d) 5294
24. *A* is the brother of *B* and *C*, *D* is *C*'s mother and *B*'s sister. *E* is *B*'s sister. How is *C* related to *E*?
(a) As Niece (b) As Cousin
(c) As Aunt (d) As Mother
25. A series of numbers set as 8, 20, 50. What will be the next in the order of sequence ?
(a) 150 (b) 110
(c) 125 (d) 115
26. *B*, *J*, *K*, *M* and *S* are computer operators in a farm *G*. Their seat arrangements are—
1. *S* is left of *K*
2. *J* and *M* are right of *B*
3. *S* and *M* do not sit together
4. *B* and *M* are rivals and always sit on either sides of *J*

Who is sitting in the centre ?

- (a) *M* (b) *J* (c) *B* (d) *K*

27. Find the odd group out—
1. Pen, Nib, Ink, Pencil
2. Zebra, Giraffe, Goat, Sheep
3. Dispur, Imphal, Dimapur, Agartala
4. Yamuna, Gomti, Gandak, Ghaghara
(a) 2 (b) 1
(c) 3 (d) 4
28. The continue number of a special series is read as—
9531, 9642, 9753
What will be the next correct order in the numerical series ?
(a) 9420 (b) 8751
(c) 8642 (d) 9864
29. Which of the following is the largest fraction?
(a) (b) (c) (d)
30. If 28th February of 2001 is Wednesday, what will be the day of the week on 28th February, 2002 ?
(a) Wednesday (b) Thursday
(c) Friday (d) Tuesday
31. A 20 cm × 20 cm × 30 cm rectangular box is tied with a ribbon outside along the middle of the six faces. Assuming that an extra 10 cm of the ribbon is required for tying the knot, the minimum length of the ribbon is
(a) 80 cm (b) 130 cm
(c) 170 cm (d) 190 cm
32. A sheep *S* is tied by two ropes each of 15 metres long to two posts *P* and *Q* which are 20 metres apart. The region over which the sheep can move is the shaded region given by



33. If ATAL is coded 74, then LATA will be coded as

- (a) 47 (b) 48 (c) 74 (d) 77

34. The missing number in the third circle



- is - (a) 3 (b) 9
(c) 12 (d) 15

35. Half percent of hundred is

- (a) 50 (b) 5
(c) 0.5 (d) 0.05

36. The devastating earthquake of Gujarat in 2001 took place on

- (a) 20th January (b) 26th January
(c) 13th February (d) 27th February

37. The National Commission on Population (2000) is chaired by

- (a) K. C. Pant
(b) Krishna Singh
(c) Dr. A. M. Khusro
(d) Atal Bihari Vajpayee

38. The provisional figure of India's population as per 2001-m census is

- (a) 1007 million (b) 1017 million
(c) 1027 million (d) 1037 million

39. The present Governor of Reserve Bank of India is

- (a) Dr. C. Rangarajan (b) Dr. D. T. Lakdawala
(c) Dr. Bimal Jalan (d) Dr. L. K. Jha

40. The present Secretary-General of United Nations is

- (a) U. Thant
(b) Robert Macnamara
(c) Nelson Mandella
(d) Kofi Annan

41. The Enron Power Project is situated in

- (a) Maharashtra (b) Karnataka
(c) Tamil Nadu (d) Goa

42. The aim of India's economic planning is to raise

- (a) Living standard of people
(b) National income
(c) Per capita income
(d) All of the above

43. The name of Tehelka chief is

- (a) Aniruddha Bahal (b) Sanjay Khan
(c) Tarun Tejpal (d) Pranay Roy

44. Which one of the following is popularly known as software capital of India?

- (a) Mumbai (b) Bangalore
(c) Hyderabad (d) Kolkata

45. Dehra Dun is the Capital town of

- (a) Uttaranchal (b) Chattisgarh
(c) Jharkhand
(d) Himachal Pradesh

46. The population of Assam as per provisional data of 2001 census falls within the range of

- (a) 210 lakh-225 lakh
(b) 225 lakh-250 lakh
(c) 250 lakh-270 lakh
(d) 270 lakh-290 lakh

47. To which one of the following States does the district of 'Bhuj' belong?

- (a) Karnataka (b) Rajasthan
(c) Gujarat (d) Maharashtra

48. Community Development is organised on the basis of

- (a) Population (b) Area
(c) Community
(d) Population and Community

49. The Ninth Five-Year Plan will be completed on 31st March.

- (a) 2002 (b) 2003
(c) 2004 (d) 2005

50. 'India 2020 : A Vision for the New Millennium' is a new book which has attracted readers' attention. Who is the author of the book?

- (a) Kushwant Singh
(b) R. K. Lakshman
(c) A. P. J. Abdul Kalam and Y. S. Rajan
(d) Nirad C. Chaudhuri and V. S. Naipaul

51. Indian born Scientist Subramaniam Chandrasekhar had won the Nobel Prize for his work in the area of

- (a) Nuclear Medicine
(b) Biochemistry
(c) Molecular Biology
(d) Astrophysics

52. J. M. Lyngdoh was appointed as the Chief Election Commissioner to succeed M. S. Gill. Who was appointed as Election Commissioner in place of Lyngdoh?
 (a) K.C. Mittal (b) B.B. Tandon
 (c) Dr.R.S. Paroda (d) Dr.S.Rame Gowda
53. Justice Venkataswami Commission is in the national news pertains to
 (a) Ayodhya issue
 (b) Enron issue
 (c) 1993 riots in Mumbai
 (d) Tehelka expose
54. On March 31, Union Commerce Minister announced New EXIM Policy for the year 1999-2000. It aims at
 (a) setting up free trade zones
 (b) taking up 16 rail-line projects for better
 (c) allowing 74% Foreign Direct Investment
 (d) setting up of Expenditure Reforms Commissions
55. The Euro (European single currency) comes into effect from
 (a) 1998 (b) 1999
 (c) 2000 (d) 2001
56. The Indus Valley monuments were built of—
 (a) sun-dried bricks
 (b) burnt bricks
 (c) stone
 (d) wood and bamboo
57. The historian to accompany Sultan Mahmud of Ghazni in several of his expeditions was
 (a) Ferishta (b) Alberuni
 (c) Minhazuddin Siraj (d) Badauni
58. Gandhiji called off the Non-Cooperation Movement because of a violent incident at
 (a) Bardoli (b) Dandi
 (c) Chauri Chaura (d) Ahmedabad
59. The Gandhara School of Art emphasised on—
 (a) Indian material and Greek style
 (b) Greek materials and Indian style
 (c) Both Indian materials and Indian style
 (d) Neither Indian materials nor Indian style
60. The Greek General defeated by Chandragupta Maurya was
 (a) Antigonas (b) Seleucas
 (c) Eudomas (d) Philippos
61. Who is called the 'Indian Napoleon' ?
 (a) Samudragupta
 (b) Chandragupta-II Vikramaditya
 (c) Skandagupta
 (d) Pulakesin-II
62. Grand Trunk Road which extended from Sonargaon in East Bengal to Sindh was built by
 (a) Akbor (b) Jahangir
 (c) Sher Shah (d) Alauddin Khalji
63. Who passed the Vernacular Press Act restricting the freedom of the press ?
 (a) Lord Dalhousie (b) Lord Lytton
 (c) Lord Dufferin (d) Lord Lansdown
64. The slogan 'Jai Hind' was coined by
 (a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 (b) Subhas Chandra Bose
 (c) Bipin Chandra Pal
 (d) Lala Lajpat Rai
65. Chanakya who helped Chandragupta Maurya to annihilate the Nanda Kingdom was a Brahmin from
 (a) Taxila (b) Pataliputra
 (c) Kanauj (d) Gandhara
66. The offices of the Barbaruah and the Barphukan were created by
 (a) Sudangpha
 (b) Suhungmung Dihingia Raja
 (c) Pratap Singha
 (d) Jayadhhaj Singha
67. The Chutiya Kingdom was conquered by
 (a) Suklengmung
 (b) Suhungmung Dihingia Raja
 (c) Pratap Singha
 (d) Jayadhhaj Singha
68. The Kachari King to assume the title 'Pratap Narayan' after defeating the Ahoms was
 (a) Indrabalnarayan (b) Josonarayan
 (c) Nirbhayanarayan (d) Durlabhnarayan
69. Who among the following literators did not receive the patronage of the Koch King Naranarayan ?

- (a) Ram Saraswati (b) Ananta Kandali
(c) Sankardeva (d) Madhav Kandali
70. Rudra Singha first built the Rangghar with bamboo and wood. It was rebuilt with brick and mortar by
(a) Siva Singha (b) Pramatta Singha
(c) Rajeswar Singha (d) Lakshmi Singha
71. The Battle of Mahargarh was fought between
(a) Chandrakanta Singha and the Burmese
(b) The Burmese and the British
(c) The Burmese and Ruchinath Buragohain
(d) The Burmese and Purandar Singha
72. Who was the president of the first session of the Asom Chatra Sanmilon ?
(a) Rohinikanta Hatibaruah
(b) Kamaluddin Ahmed
(c) Lakshidhar Sharma
(d) Lakshinath Bezbaruah
73. One of the following books is the most important literary source for the study of early history of Assam. Which is the book?
(a) The Mahabharata
(b) The Harsha Charita
(c) The Kalika Purana
(d) The Arthashastra
74. The earliest King of Assam was
(a) Mihiranga Danava
(b) Narakasur
(c) Bhaskar Barman
(d) Naranarayan
75. 'Fatiyah-i-Ibriyah' was written by
(a) Alberuni (b) Azan Fakir
(c) Mirjumla (d) Shihauddin Talish
76. In the Battle of Saraighat next to Lachit Barphukan was in the leadership of
(a) Raj Mantri Atanu Buragohain Dangariya
(b) Kaliabhomora Barphukan
(c) Miri Sandikoi
(d) Manthir Bharali Barua
77. The Chief Commissionership was introduced in Assam in
(a) 1873 (b) 1874
(c) 1875 (d) 1876

78. Mark the correct share of Kuwait's oil reserve compared to world's total
(a) About 16%
(b) Between 20% and 30%
(c) Less than 16%
(d) Equal to the share of Russia
79. Which one of the following mountain ranges does not tally with the main Himalayan ranges ?
(a) Trans Himalayan Range
(b) Great Himalayan Range
(c) Lesser Himalayan Range
(d) Siwaliks
80. Recognise which of the following rivers is not South-flowing
(a) The Damodar (b) The Chambal
(c) The Kosi (d) The Gadadhar
81. Which one season of the following is associated with Bordoichila in Assam?
(a) Pre-Monsoon season
(b) Monsoon season
(c) Retreating Monsoon season
(d) Winter season
82. Identify the exact location of the Dun Valley
(a) Between the Siwaliks and the Inner Himalaya
(b) Between the Inner Himalaya and the Middle Himalaya
(c) Between the Middle Himalaya and the other Himalaya
(d) Between the Kumaon Himalaya and the Punjab Himalaya
83. Which one of the following wildlife sanctuaries of N.E. India is related with Project Tiger ?
(a) Dibru-Saikhowa Wildlife Sanctuary
(b) Nameri Wildlife Sanctuary
(c) Sonai-Rupai Wildlife Sanctuary
(d) Manas Wildlife Sanctuary
84. Which one of the following is called the weaver city of India ?
(a) Panipath (b) Leh
(c) Varanasi (d) Jaipur
85. In which part of the following in India is located the Mahadeo hills ?

- (a) Central India (b) Eastern India
(c) Eastern Ghats (d) Western Ghats
86. Of which one of the following States Chamoli is a district ?
(a) Bihar (b) Uttaranchal
(c) Uttar Pradesh (d) Himachal Pradesh
87. Identify the wrong match of the following:
(a) Arunachal Pradesh-Siang
(b) Assam-Morigaon
(c) Meghalaya-Roibhoi
(d) Nagaland-Chhimtuipui
88. Blind Valleys are found in
(a) Karst Region (b) Glaciated Region
(c) Desert (d) Deltas
89. Pompa grassland are situated in parts of—
(a) Brazil (b) Argentina
(c) Peru (d) Canada
90. In which region (country) was the first oil well drilled in 1859 ?
(a) Leningrad in Russia
(b) Digboi in India
(c) Titusville in USA
(d) Abadan in Middle East
91. Which of the types of coal has the highest heating capacity ?
(a) Bituminous (b) Lignite
(c) Anthracite (d) Peat
92. Rocks are classified on the basis of what characteristics ?
(a) Origin (b) Composition
(c) Texture (d) Density
93. Ocean currents are primarily caused by
(a) Difference in temperature
(b) Wind blowing over the sea surface
(c) Irregular shape of the continents
(d) Difference in salinity
94. The Strait that connects Mediterranean Sea with Atlantic Ocean is
(a) Hormuz Strait
(b) Bering Strait
(c) Dover Strait
(d) Gibraltar Strait
95. Which one of the following is not a country of west coast of Africa ?
(a) Liberia (b) Angola
(c) Cameroon (d) Kenya
96. The North Atlantic Ocean route is very busy with heavy traffic because
(a) It is open to all weather and is the safest
(b) It is the oldest route known to man
(c) It connects two industrially advanced regions of the world
(d) The gulf stream helps the movement of ships thereby reducing the cost.
97. Emu the largest running bird after the Ostrich is found in
(a) South America (b) South Africa
(c) New Zealand (d) Australia
98. The drainage that separates the Meghalaya plateau from the Barail range is
(a) Kiling (b) Doyang
(c) Lubha (d) Digaru
99. The inter-State boundary between Assam and Tripura is marked by a river called
(a) Dhaleswari (b) Longai
(c) Kuchiara (d) Sonai
100. The Singhasion peak, the highest peak of Assam is located on
(a) Nilachal Hills (b) Barail Range
(c) Agyathuri Hill (d) Rengma Hills
101. The Tribe of Assam having largest size of population next to the Bodo's is
(a) the Karbis (b) the Dimasas
(c) the Mising (d) the Rabha
102. In respect of sediment carriage the rank of the Brahmaputra river among the rivers of the world is
(a) First (b) Second
(c) Third (d) Fifth
103. The proposed Ranganadi project is likely to benefit
(a) Nagaland and Manipur
(b) Arunachal Pradesh and Nagaland
(c) Tripura and Mizoram
(d) Assam and Arunachal Pradesh
104. The only phosphatic fertilizer plant of North-East India is located in
(a) Tuli in Nagaland
(b) Nongpo in Meghalaya

- (c) Namrup in Assam
(d) Chandrapur in Assam
105. The Ahoms who entered into Assam (erst-while) established their capital
(a) Charaideo (b) Rangpur
(c) Namti (d) Nazirakhat
106. In respect of potato production among the North-Eastern States of India the first and the second ranks are occupied by Assam and Meghalaya. Which of the following States ranks third ?
(a) Arunachal Pradesh (b) Manipur
(c) Nagaland (d) Tripura
107. Which district of Assam has the longest international boundary ?
(a) Kokrajhar (b) Dhubri
(c) Karimganj (d) Nalbari
108. The total number of Development Blocks in Assam is
(a) 119 (b) 200
(c) 219 (d) 180
109. The annual production of finished tea in recent years in Assam is around
(a) 5 lakh tonnes (b) 10 lakh tonnes
(c) 20 lakh tonnes (d) 50 lakh tonnes
110. The first President of India to be elected unopposed was
(a) S. Radhakrishnan (b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
(c) N. Sanjiva Reddi (d) V. V. Giri
111. In which year the Government of India constituted the Minorities Commission to provide institutional safeguards for the minorities?
(a) 1968 (b) 1978
(c) 1988 (d) 1998
112. The Constituent Assembly was set up according to the proposal of the
(a) Cripps Mission Plan
(b) Cabinet Mission Plan
(c) Wavell Plan
(d) Mountbatten Plan
113. The conditions of President's Office to laid down in Article
(a) 57 of the Constitution
(b) 58 of the Constitution
(c) 59 of the Constitution
(d) 60 of the Constitution
114. The power to nominate 12 members to the Rajya Sabha is laid down in Article
(a) 79 of the Constitution
(b) 80 of the Constitution
(c) 81 of the Constitution
(d) 82 of the Constitution
115. The Sarkaria Commission was appointed during the administration of the Prime Minister
(a) V. P. Singh (b) Indira Gandhi
(c) Narasimha Rao (d) Rajiv Gandhi
116. Reservation of seats for Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes is dealt with in Part
(a) XII of the Constitution
(b) XIII of the Constitution
(c) XIV of the Constitution
(d) XVI of the Constitution
117. Equality before law and equal protection of law is dealt with in Article
(a) 13 of the Constitution
(b) 14 of the Constitution
(c) 15 of the Constitution
(d) 16 of the Constitution
118. Which one of the following deals with the Panchayats ?
(a) Part VII of the Constitution
(b) Part IX of the Constitution
(c) Part IX(A) of the Constitution
(d) Part X of the Constitution
119. Which one of the following is not correct?
(a) Directive Principles aim at economic reconstruction
(b) Directive Principles aim at establishment of welfare State
(c) Directive Principles aim at separation of Executive from Judiciary
(d) Directive Principles aim at safeguarding the freedom of speech and expression
120. Administration of Union Territories is dealt with in
(a) Part VIII of the Constitution
(b) Part IX of the Constitution
(c) Part X of the Constitution
(d) Part XI of the Constitution
